

## Diatonic scale of A (Ukulele)

A	-----0-----	1st
E	-----0->-2->-4->-----	2nd
C	-----1->-2->-----	3rd
G	---2->-4->-----	4th

Note	<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C#</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>F#</b>	<b>G#</b>	<b>A</b>
Finger	2	4	1	2	0	2	4	0

The horizontal bars represent the strings, of which there are 4. From the 4th string (uppermost on the ukulele) to to the 1st string it's...

### G C E A

The black numbers on the strings represent the fret numbers. '0' means the string is open (unfretted).

The red letters are the actual notes you are playing - a diatonic scale begins and ends with the root: in this case **A**. It has a total of 5 whole steps: in this scale it's...

**A>B, B>C#, D>E, E>F# and F#>G#**

...and 2 half steps: in this scale it's...

**C#>D and G#>A**

So the notes and half notes, in order, are...

**1 1 ½ 1 1 1 ½**

The blue numbers are the ideal fingers to use...

- 1 - index or first finger
  - 2 - second finger
  - 3 - ring or third finger
  - 4 - small or fourth finger
- 0 - an open string with no fretting.

*The tab given above assumes low G tuning.*