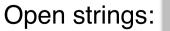
Major Chords

Major chords are triads (tri=3). They have a Root, a Major 3rd which is four semitones above the root and a 5th (also known as a Perfect 5th) which is five full notes or seven semitones above the Root)



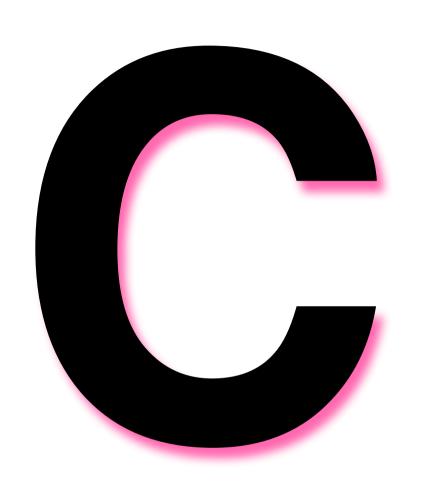


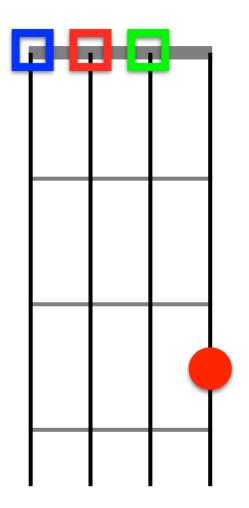
Fingered strings:



Optional notes:

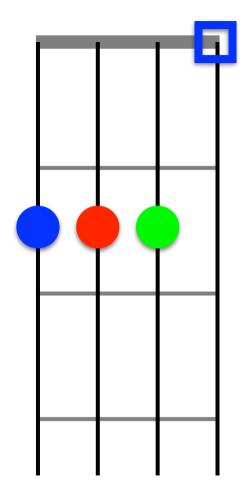




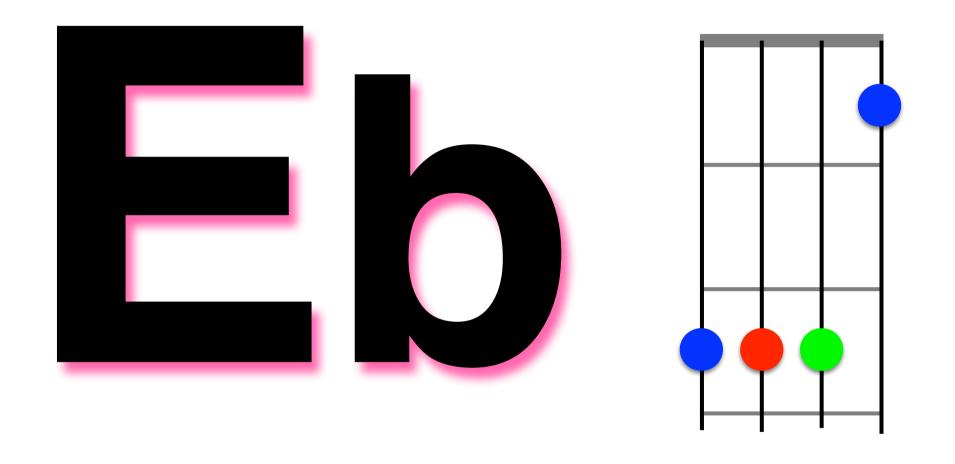


Root: C Major 3rd: E 5th: G

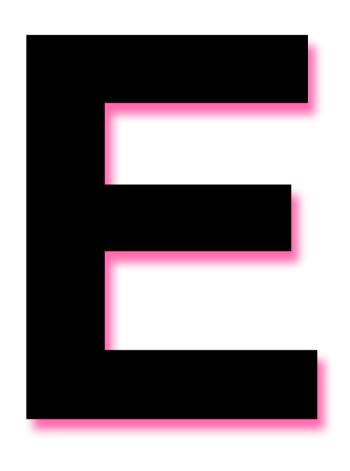


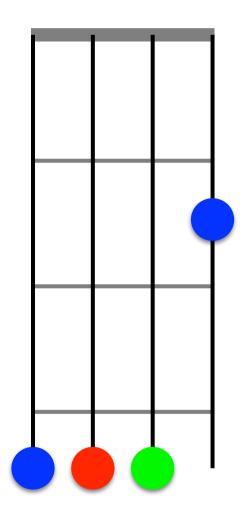


Root: D Major 3rd: F# 5th: A

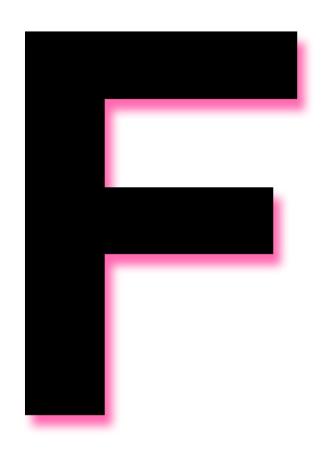


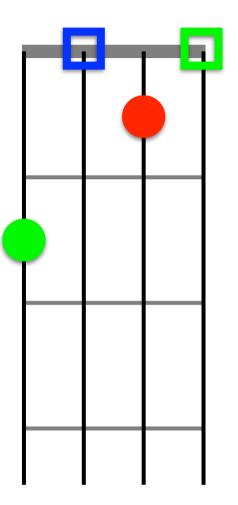
Root: Eb Major 3rd: G 5th: Bb





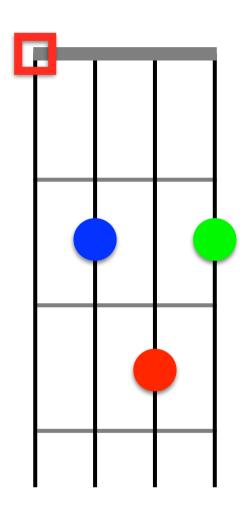
Root: E Major 3rd: G# 5th: B



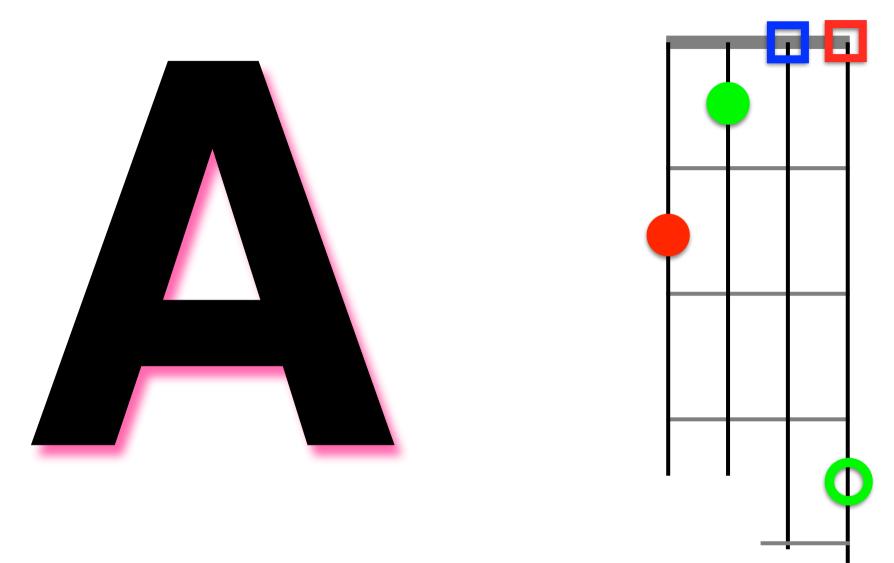


Root: F Major 3rd: A 5th: C

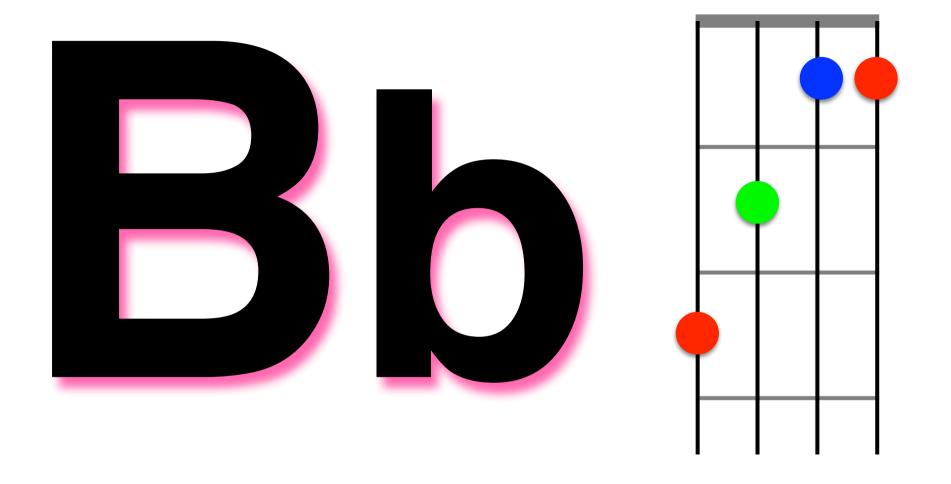




Root: G Major 3rd: B 5th: D

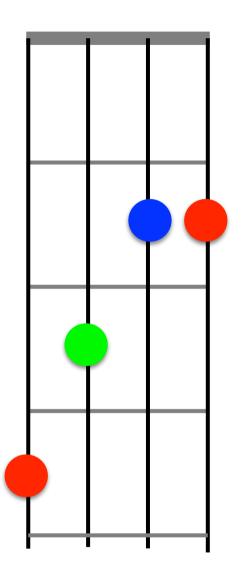


Root: A Major 3rd: C# 5th: E



Root: Bb Major 3rd: D 5th: F





Root: B Major 3rd: Eb 5th: Gb